

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XIX.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1887.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THROUGH TO ATLANTA

Route of President Cleveland and Party

ON THE TRIP TO THE SOUTH AND WEST

Hours of Arrival and Departure at Each Place—Who Will Compose the Party—The Return Home.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—President and Mrs. Cleveland will leave Washington next Friday, for an absence of three weeks in the west and south. They will be accompanied by no officials, the other members of the party being the president's private secretary, Colonel Lamont, two personal friends of the president, Mr. Wilson S. Bissell, of Buffalo, his former law partner, and Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, of New York, who was a member of his military staff while governor.

Following is the itinerary of the journey: Leave Washington by Pennsylvania railroad Friday, September 30, at 10 a. m.

Arrive at Indianapolis, Saturday October 1, at 11 a. m.; leave Indianapolis, Saturday, October 1, at 3 p. m.

Arrive at Terre Haute, Saturday, October 1, at 5:30 p. m.; leave Terre Haute, Saturday, October 1, at 6:15 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis, Saturday, October 1, at 12 o'clock, midnight; leave St. Louis, by the Chicago and Alton railroad, Tuesday, October 6, at 11 p. m.

Arrive at Chicago, Wednesday, October 5, at 9 a. m.; leave Chicago, by the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, Thursday, October 6, at 10 a. m.

Arrive at Milwaukee, Thursday, October 6, at 1 p. m.; leave Milwaukee, Friday, October 7, at 10 a. m.

Arrive at Madison, Friday, October 7, at 1 p. m.; leave Madison, by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, Monday, October 10, at 9 a. m.

Arrive at St. Paul, Monday, October 10, at 5:30 p. m.; leave St. Paul, Tuesday, October 11, at 12 noon.

Arrive at Minneapolis, Tuesday, October 11, at 11 a. m.; leave Minneapolis, by the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha railroad, Tuesday, October 11, at 8 p. m.

Arrive at Omaha, Wednesday, October 12th, at 11 a. m.; leave Omaha, by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, Wednesday, October 12, at 12 noon.

Arrive at St. Joseph, Wednesday, October 12th, at 5:15 p. m.; leave St. Joseph, Wednesday, October 12th, at 10 a. m.

Arrive at Kansas City, Wednesday, October 12th, at 1 p. m.; leave Kansas City, by the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Gulf railroad, Thursday, October 13th, at 11 p. m.

Arrive at Memphis, Friday, October 14th, at 8 p. m.; leave Memphis, by the Louisville and Nashville railroad, Saturday, October 15th, at 1 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis, Saturday, October 15th, at 11 a. m.; leave St. Louis, by the Louisville and Nashville, and the Western and Atlantic railroads, Monday, October 17th, at 11 a. m.

Arrive at Atlanta Monday, October 17th at 11 a. m.; leave Atlanta, Tuesday, October 18th, at 12 o'clock, midnight.

Arrive at Montgomery Thursday, October 20th, at 8 a. m.; leave Montgomery, by the Louisville and Nashville and the Western and Atlantic railroads, Friday, October 21st, at 1 p. m.

Arrive at New York, Friday, October 21st, at 1 p. m.; leave New York, Saturday, October 22nd, at 10 a. m.

Arrive at Boston, Saturday, October 22nd, at 11 a. m.; leave Boston, Sunday, October 23rd, at 12 noon.

Arrive at Providence, Sunday, October 23rd, at 1 p. m.; leave Providence, Monday, October 24th, at 12 noon.

Arrive at New Haven, Monday, October 24th, at 1 p. m.; leave New Haven, Tuesday, October 25th, at 12 noon.

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Arrive at Providence, Monday, October 31st, at 12 noon.

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Arrive at Providence, Friday, November 3rd, at 12 noon.

Arrive at New Haven, Saturday, November 4th, at 12 noon.

Arrive at New York, Sunday, November 5th, at 12 noon.

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THE CONSTITUTION:
Published Daily and Weekly.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

Is delivered by carriers to the city, or mailed, postage free, at \$1.00 per month, \$2.00 for three months, or \$10.00 a year.

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION

(Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, postage paid, for \$1.25 a year, or for \$1.00 plus five or more. Address all letters.

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., SEPTEMBER 22, 1887.

The Minor Bill.

The house of representatives refused to pass, on yesterday, the measure to prohibit the employment of children in factories at the age of twelve years.

When it is considered that this bill is asked by the employees of the mills by formal petition and memorial, and not objected to by the employers, it is remarkable that the bill should not have received the favorable consideration of the house.

If the manufacturers or the farmers had petitioned the legislature on a measure affecting them, as this bill proposes to affect children of the employes, we have no doubt of its passage. The house rightly voted down the amendment to allow the ordinary to declare the children of the employes paupers, chargeable on the county.

But the house failed to appreciate the reason that every healthy and moral consideration, as well as the hope of the rising generation, should move the legislature to consider the demand of the people asking that this bill be passed.

The matter of school facilities, outside of the cities having local school advantages, is one of great importance. In the city of Augusta, after the strike, the school population was decreased from one schoolhouse by 150 children, who left the school when the mills resumed. It is hard to understand the reason why the general assembly should not fall in line with the progressive idea of the several states of the union. Georgia has, in legislation, been foremost in protection of her citizens, and especially the rising generation, from the oppression of all exactation. Will the general assembly hear the voice of petition now?

The New York Evening Post says the financial situation at the present time "is the most serious one, short of absolute panic, that the present generation has witnessed." The World quotes this, and intimates that the president is responsible for it because he failed to call an extra session of congress. This, however, is nonsense. When Mr. Carlisle, by the tyrannical exercise of his power as speaker, refused to permit a motion to be made to repeal the infamous excise law, he took all the responsibility for the present condition of affairs on his own shoulders.

International Copyright.
A correspondent, writing from Oxford, Mississippi, asks us why congress refuses to take steps to secure an international copyright law. Our correspondent goes on to argue the matter at some length, but we have no room for his arguments. In point of fact, argument is unnecessary; it has been exhausted. The most that we can do is to reply to the inquiry with which "J. B. W." begins his communication.

Congress refuses to pass an international copyright law because there are not more than twenty men in that body who appreciate literature in any of its forms, and probably not more than ten who take any sort of pride in American literature or American authorship.

They are interested in other things. They know nothing and care less about the principle on which copyright laws are based, and they think "the old literary fellers" are doing very well if they pick up a little newspaper work to help them out. As a matter of fact, most of the "literary fellers" are working on the newspapers, and the one-horse congressmen hold them responsible for saying too much or too little.

At the same time, we take pleasure in saying that the opposition of the average congressman to international copyright is not based on malice. It is the result of ignorance, pure and simple. He wouldn't recognize literature if he met it in the road. Nor would he care for it if he recognized it. It is above and beyond him. Moreover, he is too busy arranging for his re-election to take any interest in a measure that is not purely political, or born of the cauces.

American congressmen will foster American literature when the American people elect senators and representatives who really represent them.

HERE is something we want our free-trade contemporaries to digest: Nine-tenths of all manufactured articles used by farmers are cheaper in the United States than in England.

The Soldier Will Stay.
General Boulanger spoke wisely when he said, the other day: "We have more need than ever of a soldier of war. The hour has not yet struck for the dismemberment of the peoples of old Europe."

Perhaps the French general never read Carlyle, but he appreciates the full force of the old philosopher's declaration that "the soldier is the only positive figure in our civilization." In our great republic our commercial spirit has caused us in a great measure to lose sight of the soldier, but we are liable at any time to make the discovery that he has not lost sight of us. When the well-equipped nations of Europe wake up to the fact that we are simply a lot of wealthy shop-keepers, without an army, without a navy, without sea coast defenses, and without the latest appliances of warfare, they will be tempted to disregard our rights, and help themselves to some of our possessions.

If we are to stand by the Monroe doctrine, the time will come when the diplomat, the arbitrator, and the peace society delegate will be of no use. Emergencies will arise in which the soldier will be our only salvation.

The action of Great Britain in seizing and holding Venezuelan territory, and the course of the English bondholders towards Peru should warn us of impending danger. The impression that we have always boldly and triumphantly maintained the Monroe doctrine is a mistaken one. It is true that we flaunted it in the face of France and caused her to abandon her designs upon Mexico, but that was an exceptional case. The lesson taught at that time has been al-

most forgotten, and if the French government takes hold of the Panama canal it will be necessary to repeat it. But it is likely that Great Britain will in future give us more trouble about this Monroe doctrine than we have reason to expect from France or any other power. In the current number of the North American Review the Hon. William L. Scruggs makes it plain in the course of his thoughtful article on "Blimmering American Diplomacy," that the British have contemptuously ignored our position on this important question, and have overreached us in diplomacy. At the very time when our government was seeking to assert its right to the exclusive control of the matter of transit over the isthmus, our diplomats idiotically got on both sides of the question, allowed the British to seize and hold the Mosquito territory in Nicaragua, and agreed to a joint protectorate of the two countries over the proposed inter-oceanic canal. Our subsequent efforts to repair the consequences of these mistakes have not been successful, and, so far as Great Britain is concerned, it may be said that our boasted Monroe doctrine has been utterly barren in the way of results.

This state of affairs cannot last forever. We must have the closest and most cordial relations with the vast countries south of us in future, and our interests will imperatively demand that European aggressions in that quarter shall be rudely checked. So the outlook for the continued application of peaceful methods on this hemisphere is not much more promising than it is in the old world. Sooner or later we must appeal to the soldier, and the prospect is that there will be plenty of work for him to do. It is useless to dream of eliminating this warlike figure from our civilization. He came into the world at a very early period, and he came to stay.

WIGGINS' predicted storm failed to materialize. Wiggins is apparently as much of a failure as his storms.

14 Cheap Literature the Best?

The immense popularity of Mr. Rider Haggard's books in this country has had a tendency to renew the discussion not only of the international copyright question, but the question of the effect of cheap publications.

Mr. Haggard's last book was issued in cheap form by fifteen American publishers, and it is estimated that more than one million copies of "She" were sold.

Successful American books are pirated in the same way in Europe, especially in Great Britain. Sometimes the publishers on both sides are generous enough to send the authors whose books they pirate a small sum which they call a "honorarium," but in the great majority of cases the cheap publishers are not even honest enough to give the pirated authors even a modest share of their profits. Recently, when the Harpers sent Mr. Robert Louis Stevenson a sum of money, he wrote them a scathing letter and turned the money over to his authorized publishers, Charles Scribner's Sons. This was a very neat thing to do, no doubt, but its only effect was to put the Harpers on their mettle.

They got even with Mr. Stevenson by incorporating three of his books in one issue of the Franklin Square library and retailing the whole at the same time.

J. B. FORAKER wanted to be snubbed by the president. It would have been a good advertisement for the little Ohio pug.

nouncing it a country of vast resources. It will become a scene of big business enterprise as well as the land of romance and adventure in the next decade.

It is said that the diet of western school girls consists of slate-pencils and chocolate caramels.

Mexican Affairs.

According to the address of President Diaz, delivered at the opening of the cortes last week, the republic of Mexico is in a hopeful condition.

The last fiscal year witnessed a considerable reduction of the public debt, an increase of revenues from customs duties, and the prompt payment of all the obligations of the government. The new tariff which went into effect July 1st, made reductions of the duties on articles of most general consumption, and thereby largely increased their importation. It gave a great impetus to trade with the United States. The development of the rich and varied resources of Mexico appear to be steadily progressing. Enterprise and capital from the United States continue to give valuable aid in this work.

President Diaz attributes the frequent complaints of personal injuries brought by citizens of the United States and Mexico against each other, in a large degree, to the turbulent and vicious characters of the border population in both countries. He predicts that these troubles will be gradually diminished by the increased intimacy of social and commercial relations between the two countries. He speaks in the kindest manner of the United States, and his address evidences a desire for the maintenance of cordial relations with our government.

The Mexican government has declined to recognize the dictatorship of General Barillas in Guatemala, and will have no relations with his government until convinced that his usurpation of authority represents the popular will in that country. Guatemala is apparently anxious to be annexed to Mexico, but President Diaz will probably be slow to take in a country that will bring little strength to his government while it adds factions and revolutionary population.

The Mexican government is in the hands of an able, bold, ambitious man. He aspires to do great things for his country, hoping, of course, to do great things for himself at the same time.

J. B. FORAKER wanted to be snubbed by the president. It would have been a good advertisement for the little Ohio pug.

EDITORIAL POSTSCRIPT.

IT WOULD HAVE BEEN BETTER FOR STEPHEN J. FIELD IF HE HAD NEVER SEEN LELAND STANFORD.

WHISTLER, THE LONDON artist, has requested the "honor" of painting Buffalo Bill's portrait.

THE AMERICAN PARTY already has a split. The party was hardly visible to the naked eye when it was sold.

THOMAS E. POWELL has settled down to business in Ohio, and the democrats all over the state are happy.

COLONEL BLANTON DUNCAN, of Kentucky, having tried all other parties, has now joined the second adventists.

QUAL SHOOTING WILL BEGIN THROUGHOUT GEORGIA ON THE FIRST OF OCTOBER. THERE ARE MILLION OF BIRDS, AND THERE IS ONE SPOT AHEAD.

GOVERNOR BARTLETT, of California, recently deceased, was a Georgian by birth. He was born in Savannah in 1824, and went to California with the forty-niners.

RICHARD K. FOX, of the Police Gazette, introduced himself to the prince of Wales the other day and then introduced his wife. The prince received them both very courteously.

CLEOPATRA'S NEEDLE CONTINUES TO CRUMBLE IN SPITE OF THE EFFORTS OF THE CENTRAL PARK COMMISSIONERS TO PRESERVE IT. NO EFFECT EGYPTIAN OBELISK CAN WITHSTAND OUR KEEN REPUBLICAN.

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Demand that you have your titles warranted. Are you indifferent about selling? To be sure of your benefit. Are you wanting to sell to a buyer in buying the title warranted for the benefit of the city? Guard against lake-warm bidding by announcing WARRANTY COMPANY? Are you seeking a loan of warranty on your title transferable as collateral and for a circular. Address.
ALEX. W. SMITH, Secretary.

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VIRGINIA.

HOOT FOR YOUNG LADIES IN THE UNION. A 1 Department in one greatly reduced charge. Mrs. W. H. W. A. MARKS, D. D., President, Staunton, Virginia.

DR. STOVES.

IDEAL BROILING.
Broiling can be done in the oven of the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door, more perfectly than ever.

Leave the steak, chops, ham or fish on a wire broiler or meat rack, placing it in an ordinary bake pan to catch the drippings.

Allow it to remain in the oven until the door closed 15 to 20 minutes. No turning is required. At the end of this time it will be done, when it is to be served.

THIS IS THE IDEAL WAY TO BROIL MEATS.

There is no taint of smoke or smoke, and the meats are more tender and have a flavor than those broiled over the coals. The convenience or broiling in the oven will be appreciated by every house-keeper, who will find many reasons why the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door should be preferred to all others now in the market.

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STRONG BRACE!
SPENDER WITHOUT RUBBER.

Comfort and Durability.
IN THESE GOODS. NICKEL PLATED

SPINDLES FURNISH THE ELASTICITY.

OUR Dealer for Them!

Post Paid or on credit, at the following List

or by wire, 50c 1/2 Quality, 1/2m 1/2 plain silk web 1.50

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176 Church-st., N. Y. City.

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Sept 12-1878 Tues thru Sat

SCHEDULE.

AD OF GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, September 18, 1887,

daily, except those marked $\frac{1}{2}$, which are

on Sunday only.

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MISCELLANEOUS.
CROCKERY, ETC.
—Best Goods Made.—
McBRIDE & CO.,
29 Peachtree Street.
FRUIT JARS, FLY PANS,
DRY AIR REFRIGERATORS,
CREAM FREEZERS.

Gate City Stone Filters,
HAVILAND'S CHINA.
Fine Cut Glass, Brass, and Bronze Goods.
MODERATE PRICES.
M'BRIDE'S.

THE HARMLESS GUN,
FIRES A HOLLOW RUBBER BALL.

—No Ramrod, Slug or Dart. Price \$1.00.—

FOR SALE BY
WILSON & BRUCKNER,
Leading Booksellers and Stationers,
6 and 8 Marietta Street.

THE WEATHER REPORT.
Indications.

For Georgia: Slightly warmer, fair weather, light to fresh variable winds, generally easterly.

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.
OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.
U. S. COAST HOUSE, September 22, 1887.

Observations taken at 6 p.m., central time.

STATIONS	WIND.			Weather
	Point	Direction	Velocity	
Mobile	30.0878	E	.00	Clear.
Pensacola	30.1078	E	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	30.0276	NE	.00	Cloudy.
New Orleans	30.0276	E	.00	Clear.
Baltimore	29.0080	E	12	Cloudy.
Washington	29.9874	NE	20	Cloudy.
Baltimore	29.9874	NE	00	Cloudy.
Bio Grande	29.9874	NE	00	Cloudy.
Corpus Christi	29.9874	E	24	.28 (Clear).
LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.				
8 a. m.	30.0878	E	11	.00 Fair.
9 a. m.	30.0878	E	5	.00 Fair.
9 p. m.	30.0878	E	8	.00 Fair.
Minimum thermometer.				65
Total rainfall.				.00

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 6 p.m.—seventy-fifth meridian time.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Rainfall.		
	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Wind.
Atlanta, Ga.	85.05	75.05	...
Gainesville, Ga.	85.05	75.05	...
Cartersville, Ga.	85.05	75.05	...
Columbus, Ga.	85.05	75.05	...
Chattanooga, Tenn.	85.05	75.05	...
Gainesville, Ga.	85.05	75.05	...
Deshville, S. C.	85.05	75.05	...
Griffith, Ga.	85.05	75.05	...
Laurens, S. C.	85.05	75.05	...
Newnan, Ga.	85.05	75.05	...
Spartanburg, S. C.	85.05	75.05	...
Toccoa, Ga.	85.05	75.05	...
West Point, Ga.	85.05	75.05	...

W. E. SMITH
Observer Signal Corps.

NOTE.—Barometer reduced to sea level and standard gravity.
"T" Trace of rainfall.

MEETINGS.

Masonic Notice.

A regular convention of Atlanta Lodge No. 50, A. F. & A. M. will be held on Saturday, Sept. 27, 1887, sharp, for usual business. All Masons in good standing are cordially invited. Every member urgently requested to attend.

H. E. W. PALMER, W. M.
CHAS. R. JONES, Secretary.

Attention, Atlanta Rifles.

Meet st your Armory tonight at 8 o'clock sharp for drill.

By order. A. C. SNEED,
Captain Commanding.

W. J. KENDRICK,
1st Sergeant.

An Important Meeting.

An important adjourned meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the M. C. C. will be held at the Atlanta Hotel, 29 Peachtree street, at 8 o'clock. The importance of providing entertainment for the next crowds that will be present at the exposition has induced the ladies to take steps to meet this need.

A part of the money raised will be put up for sale, and the meeting today is to make arrangements for this purpose. Every lady, whether a member of the auxiliary or not, is invited to be present and to co-operate.

W. C. T. U.

Every member is requested to be on hand promptly at 6 p.m. today (Thursday) at the basement of the First Baptist Church.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNCILMAN.

At the solicitation of many of my friends I announce myself a candidate for councilman from the third ward at the ensuing municipal election.

Respectfully,
E. T. HENNICUTT.

Professional Cookery Books

By JESSUP WHITEHEAD

Chef-de-Cuisine Sweetwater Park Hotel, Salt Springs, Ga.

No. 1.—THE AMERICAN PASTRY COOK. Stand and Cookery. Price \$1.00.

No. 2.—THE HOTEL MEAT COOK. The greatest Fish and Oyster Cooking and Bill of Fare book ever published. Price \$1.00.

No. 3.—WHITEHEAD'S FAMILY COOK BOOK. Adapted for the Cooks of First-class Families. Price \$1.00.

No. 4.—COOKING FOR THE GREAT AND FAMOUS. House Book. Price \$1.00.

Also, ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY WAYS OF COOKING AND SERVING EACH BY M. ALEXANDER SMITH. Price \$1.00.

Second Edition.

Price \$1.00.

The above Books are for sale by

LESTER & KUHRT,
Booksellers and Stationers.

No. 7 WHITEHALL STREET,
Lynch's Old Stand, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WOLFE'S AUCTION HOUSE.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CONSIGNMENT OF 4,200 pieces of pawnbroker and choice second hand clothing.

Light weight frocks \$2.00 to \$4.00

Cashmere and diagonal sack coats \$1.75 to \$3.00

Heavy Melton pants \$1.50 to \$3.00

Special price to the trade. Also a complete assortment of furniture, consisting of bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, chairs, tables, desks, office desks, chairs, kitchen and store stoves, carpets, calico and large stock of notions.

Now is the time to buy bargains at

WOLFE'S AUCTION HOUSE.

29 Whitehall Street.

Auction sales promptly attended to. Money ad-

vised on damages.

See page 172.

A FLASK OF LIQUOR

Causes the Arrest and Search of Two Young Gentlemen.

A CASE MADE AGAINST A WINEROOM.

Detectives Buchanan and Osborn See a Young Man Enter a Wineroom and Find a Bottle on Him.

A half-pint flask of whisky caused the arrest of two young gentlemen extensively and favorably known in Atlanta, last night, near Stoney's drug store, on Peachtree street, and after they were arrested they were conducted to police headquarters, searched and released.

They were Messrs. James Sheppard and Bruce Sanders. Although and Reeves were removed from special work and returned to regular police duty, Mr. James Buchanan and Mr. Bob Osborn had been looking after the winerooms. For a day or two past they have been watching John Connally's wineroom, No. 14 Marietta street, and last night soon after dark a position in front of Snook's furniture store where they could plainly see all that transpired in the wineroom.

About half-past seven o'clock Messrs. Sanders and Sheppard walked down Marietta street and stopped in front of the wine room second. Then Mr. Sheppard entered the door, leaving Mr. Sanders standing on the sidewalk near the curbstone. Mr. Sheppard remained in the window only a minute or two, and coming out joined Mr. Sanders, and the two gentlemen walked into Bob Steeple's barbershop, where they remained a short time. Coming out of the barbershop they started down the sidewalk towards Peachtree street.

The two officers had been watching the gentlemen closely, and as they walked away followed on the other side of the street. When the two gentlemen reached Peachtree they crossed, and just as they stepped upon the sidewalk at Steeple's drugstore the officers approached them. Mr. Buchanan tapped Mr. Sheppard on the shoulder, saying:

"I want you, please."

"For what?" asked the gentleman, his face clearly indicating surprise.

"Come down to police headquarters with me."

"But explain how?" What have I done?"

"The chief wants to see you, and I will know when we get there."

Mr. Sheppard, seeing that the officer meant business, quietly joined him and followed him to the police headquarters.

"But explain what the chief wants to see you?"

"The chief has been watching the gentlemen for a week, and he wants to see them."

"I want to know what the chief wants to see them."

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